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Second Regular Session - 2020

## IN THE SENATE

## SENATE BILL NO. 1327

## BY EDUCATION COMMITTEE

777700

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS; AMENDING SECTION 33-1002, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE
3	A FUNDING FORMULA FOR FISCAL YEARS 2022 THROUGH 2027, TO PROVIDE FOR A
4	SUBSTITUTE FACTOR IN CERTAIN FORMULAS, TO PROVIDE FOR THE CREATION OF
5	NEW FORMULAS BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION UNDER CERTAIN CIR-
6	CUMSTANCES, TO PROVIDE FOR STUDENT ENROLLMENT COUNTS, TO PROVIDE FOR
7	SPECIAL PROGRAM SUPPORT, TO PROVIDE FOR CERTAIN PAYMENTS, AND TO PRO-
8	VIDE THAT CERTAIN LAWS SHALL REMAIN APPLICABLE DURING FISCAL YEARS 2022
9	THROUGH 2027; AMENDING SECTION 33-1026, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE A DATE;
10	AND AMENDING CHAPTER 10, TITLE 33, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW
11	SECTION 33-1029, IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING STUDENT
12	SUCCESS INCENTIVE GRANTS.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 33-1002, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 33-1002. EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT PROGRAM. The educational support program is calculated as follows:
- (1) State Educational Support Funds. Add the state appropriation, including the moneys available in the public school income fund, together with all miscellaneous revenues to determine the total state funds.
- (2) From the total state funds subtract the following amounts needed for state support of special programs provided by a school district:
  - Pupil tuition-equivalency allowances as provided in section 33-1002B, Idaho Code;
  - Transportation support program as provided in section 33-1006, Idaho Code;
  - Feasibility studies allowance as provided in section 33-1007A, (C) Idaho Code;
  - (d) The approved costs for border district allowance, provided in section 33-1403, Idaho Code, as determined by the state superintendent of public instruction;
  - The approved costs for exceptional child approved contract allowance, provided in subsection 2. of section 33-2004, Idaho Code, as determined by the state superintendent of public instruction;
  - Salary-based apportionment calculated as provided in sections 33-1004 through 33-1004F, Idaho Code;
  - (g) Unemployment insurance benefit payments according to the provisions of section 72-1349A, Idaho Code;
  - (h) For expenditure as provided by the public school technology pro-
- For employee severance payments as provided in section 33-521, (i) Idaho Code;

- (j) For distributions to the Idaho digital learning academy as provided in section 33-1020, Idaho Code;
- (k) For charter school facilities funds and reimbursements paid pursuant to section 33-5208(5), Idaho Code;
- (1) For an online course portal as provided for in section 33-1024, Idaho Code;
- (m) For advanced opportunities as provided for in chapter 46, title 33, Idaho Code;
- (n) For additional math and science courses for high school students as provided in section 33-1021, Idaho Code;
- (o) For leadership premiums as provided in section 33-1004J, Idaho Code;
- (p) For master teacher premiums as provided in section 33-1004I, Idaho Code:
- (q) For the support of provisions that provide a safe environment conducive to student learning and maintain classroom discipline, an allocation of three hundred dollars (\$300) per support unit;
- (r) An amount specified in the appropriation bill for the public schools educational support program for counseling support as provided for in section 33-1212A, Idaho Code, shall be distributed for grades 8 through 12 as follows:
  - (i) For school districts and public charter schools with one hundred (100) or more students enrolled in grades 8 through 12, a pro rata distribution based on students enrolled in grades 8 through 12 or eighteen thousand dollars (\$18,000), whichever is greater;
  - (ii) For school districts and public charter schools with fewer than one hundred (100) students enrolled in grades 8 through 12, one hundred eighty dollars (\$180) per student enrolled in grades 8 through 12 or nine thousand dollars (\$9,000), whichever is greater;
- (s) An amount specified in the public schools educational support program appropriation bill for literacy intervention pursuant to section 33-1616, Idaho Code, the disbursements made to the school districts and public charter schools in the aggregate shall not exceed the total amount appropriated for this purpose and shall be based on the actual costs of such intervention programs. School districts and public charter schools shall be reimbursed in full or in pro rata based on the average number of students in kindergarten through grade 3 who score basic or below basic on the fall statewide reading assessment in the prior three (3) years;
- (t) For mastery-based education as provided for in section 33-1630, Idaho Code;
- (u) For pay for success contracting as provided in section 33-125B, Idaho Code; and
- (v) Any additional amounts as required by statute to effect administrative adjustments or as specifically required by the provisions of any bill of appropriation;
- to secure the total educational support distribution funds.
- (3) Average Daily Attendance. The total state average daily attendance shall be the sum of the average daily attendance of all of the school dis-

tricts of the state. The state board of education shall establish rules setting forth the procedure to determine average daily attendance and the time for, and method of, submission of such report. Average daily attendance calculation shall be carried out to the nearest hundredth. Computation of average daily attendance shall also be governed by the provisions of section 33-1003A, Idaho Code.

(4) Support Units. The total state support units shall be determined by using the tables set out hereafter called computation of kindergarten support units, computation of elementary support units, computation of secondary support units, computation of exceptional education support units, and computation of alternative school support units. The sum of all of the total support units of all school districts of the state shall be the total state support units.

## COMPUTATION OF KINDERGARTEN SUPPORT UNITS

16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Attendance 41 or more 31 - 40.99 ADA 26 - 30.99 ADA 21 - 25.99 ADA 16 - 20.99 ADA 8 - 15.99 ADA 1 - 7.99 ADA	Attendance Divisor 40	1 .85 .75 .6 .5	owed as computed		
24	COMPUTATION OF ELEMENTARY SUPPORT UNITS					
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Average Daily Attendance 300 or more ADA	Attendance Divisor23grades 4,5 & 622grades 1,2 & 31921grades 1,2 & 31920grades 1,2 & 319 and each year thereafter 20	994-95 995-96 996-97	Minimum Units Allowed 15		
34 35 36 37 38 39	110 to 159.99 ADA 71.1 to 109.99 ADA 51.7 to 71.0 ADA 33.6 to 51.6 ADA 16.6 to 33.5 ADA 1.0 to 16.5 ADA	19		6.8 4.7 4.0 2.8 1.4		

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Average Daily

1	Average Daily		Minimum Units			
2	Attendance	Attendance Divisor	Allowed			
3	750 or more	18.5	. 47			
4	400 - 749.99 ADA	16				
5	300 - 399.99 ADA	14.5				
6	200 - 299.99 ADA	13.5				
7	100 - 199.99 ADA	12				
8	99.99 or fewer	Units allowed as follows:	. ,			
9	Grades 7-12		8			
10	Grades 9-12					
11	Grades 7-9					
12	Grades 7-8					
13	COMPUTATION OF EXCEPTIONAL EDUCATION SUPPORT UNITS					
14	Average Daily		Minimum Units			
15	Attendance	Attendance Divisor	Allowed			
16	14 or more	14.5	. 1 or more as			
17			computed			
18	12 - 13.99		. 1			
19	8 - 11.99					
20	4 - 7.99					
21	1 - 3.99					
22	COMPUTATION OF ALTERNATIVE SCHOOL SUPPORT UNITS					
23 24	(Computation of a.	lternative school support units shall grades 6 through 12)	include			
25 26	Pupils in Attendance	Attendance Divisor	Minimum Units Allowed			
27 28	12 or more	12	_			
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	In applying these tables to any given separate attendance unit, no school district shall receive less total money than it would receive if it had a lesser average daily attendance in such separate attendance unit. In applying the kindergarten table to a kindergarten program of fewer days than a full school year, the support unit allowance shall be in ratio to the number of days of a full school year. The attendance of students attending an alternative school in a school district reporting fewer than one hundred (100) secondary students in average daily attendance shall not be assigned to the alternative table if the student is from a school district reporting fewer than one hundred (100) secondary students in average daily attendance, but shall instead be assigned to the secondary table of the school district in which they are attending the alternative school, unless the alternative					

school in question serves students from multiple districts reporting fewer than one hundred (100) secondary students in average daily attendance. The tables for exceptional education and alternative school support units shall be applicable only for programs approved by the state department of education following rules established by the state board of education. Moneys generated from computation of support units for alternative schools shall be utilized for alternative school programs. School district administrative and facility costs may be included as part of the alternative school expenditures.

- (5) State Distribution Factor per Support Unit. Divide educational support program distribution funds, after subtracting the amounts necessary to pay the obligations specified in subsection (2) of this section, by the total state support units to secure the state distribution factor per support unit.
- (6) District Support Units. The number of support units for each school district in the state shall be determined as follows:
  - a) (i) Divide the actual average daily attendance, excluding students approved for inclusion in the exceptional child educational program, for the administrative schools and each of the separate schools and attendance units by the appropriate divisor from the tables of support units in this section, then add the quotients to obtain the district's support units allowance for regular students, kindergarten through grade 12 including alternative school students. Calculations in application of this subsection shall be carried out to the nearest hundredth.
    - (ii) Divide the combined totals of the average daily attendance of all preschool, kindergarten, elementary, secondary, juvenile detention center students and students with disabilities approved for inclusion in the exceptional child program of the district by the appropriate divisor from the table for computation of exceptional education support units to obtain the number of support units allowed for the district's approved exceptional child program. Calculations for this subsection shall be carried out to the nearest hundredth when more than one (1) unit is allowed.
    - (iii) The total number of support units of the district shall be the sum of the total support units for regular students, subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, and the support units allowance for the approved exceptional child program, subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph.
  - (b) Total District Allowance Educational Program. Multiply the district's total number of support units, carried out to the nearest hundredth, by the state distribution factor per support unit and to this product add the approved amount of programs of the district provided in subsection (2) of this section to secure the district's total allowance for the educational support program.
  - (c) District Share. The district's share of state apportionment is the amount of the total district allowance, paragraph (b) of this subsection.

- (d) Adjustment of District Share. The contract salary of every noncertificated teacher shall be subtracted from the district's share as calculated from the provisions of paragraph (c) of this subsection.
- (7) Property Tax Computation Ratio. In order to receive state funds pursuant to this section, a charter district shall utilize a school maintenance and operation property tax computation ratio for the purpose of calculating its maintenance and operation levy that is no greater than that which it utilized in tax year 1994, less four-tenths of one percent (.4%). As used herein, the term "property tax computation ratio" shall mean a ratio determined by dividing the district's certified property tax maintenance and operation budget by the actual or adjusted market value for assessment purposes as such values existed on December 31, 1993. Such maintenance and operation levy shall be based on the property tax computation ratio multiplied by the actual or adjusted market value for assessment purposes as such values existed on December 31 of the prior calendar year.
- (8) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, for fiscal years 2022 through 2027, the educational support program shall be calculated as follows:
  - (a) Add the state appropriation, including the moneys available in the public school income fund, together with all miscellaneous revenues to determine the total state funds for public school support;
  - (b) From the total state funds, subtract the amounts needed for state support of special programs listed in subsections (2) and (10) of this section, provided that there shall be no support for salary-based apportionment calculated pursuant to sections 33-1004 through 33-1004F, Idaho Code;
  - (c) Divide the remaining funds by the total state student enrollment to determine the state distribution amount per student, with enrollment calculated as provided in subsection (9) of this section; and
  - (d) Multiply a school district's or public charter school's total student enrollment, with enrollment calculated as provided in subsection (9) of this section, by the state distribution amount per student, and to this product add the approved amount for programs of the school district or public charter school described in subsections (2) and (10) of this section to secure the school district's or public charter school's total allocation for the educational support program.
- (9) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, for fiscal years 2022 through 2027, the state department of education shall use student enrollment instead of average daily attendance or support units in formulas provided by law or rule that use average daily attendance or support units as a factor. If student enrollment cannot be substituted for average daily attendance or support units, then the state department of education shall create a new formula that does not rely on average daily attendance or support units. For purposes of subsections (8) through (11) of this section, student enrollment counts shall be calculated pursuant to the formula adopted in the temporary rule IDAPA 08.02.01.250.07, docket number 08-0201-1903, effective date October 17, 2019, provided that students do not have to be in attendance for all the minutes prescribed in the temporary rule in order to be counted as enrolled.

(10) For fiscal years 2022 through 2027, the following shall be special programs receiving state support under subsection (8) (b) of this section:

- (a) Funding for schools subject to special conditions. For fiscal years 2022 through 2027, there shall be no special application of the educational support program as described in section 33-1003, Idaho Code. However, the state board of education shall provide a process under which a school may be designated as a school subject to special conditions, which process shall substantially conform to the process provided in section 33-1003(3), Idaho Code. For purposes of this subsection, a school subject to special conditions is a school:
  - (i) Which, due to its small size, remote location, or other special circumstances, would be unable to remain operational under enrollment-based funding; and
  - (ii) Whose closure would cause significant hardship to students in its attendance area; and
- (b) Student success incentive grants, as determined pursuant to section 33-1029, Idaho Code.
- (11) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33-1009, Idaho Code, or any other provision of law to the contrary, for fiscal years 2022 through 2027:
  - (a) Payments of the state general account appropriation for public school support shall be made each fiscal year by the state department of education to school districts and public charter schools in six (6) payments, which payments shall be made no later than the fifteenth day of August, October, December, February, April, and June. The August payment shall be approximately thirty percent (30%) of the total appropriation for the fiscal year, while the October and December payments shall be approximately twenty percent (20%) each, and the February and April payments shall be approximately fifteen percent (15%) each, except as provided in section 33-5209C, Idaho Code;
  - (b) Payments of moneys other than the state general account appropriation that accrue to the public school income fund shall be made by the state department of education to school districts and public charter schools no later than the fifteenth day of February, April, and June of each fiscal year;
  - (c) Payments made in August and October are advance payments for the current year and may be based on payments from the public school income fund for the preceding school year; and
  - (d) Payments made pursuant to this section shall be based on the state distribution amount per student set forth in subsection (8) of this section and shall take into consideration all payments distributed for the current fiscal year to school districts and public charter schools.
    - (i) December payments will be based on the school district's or public charter school's student enrollment count from October.
    - (ii) February payments will be based on the school district's or public charter school's average student enrollment count from October and December.
    - (iii) April payments will be based on the school district's or public charter school's average student enrollment count from October, December, and February.

- (iv) June payments will be based on the school district's or public charter school's average student enrollment count from October, December, February, and April. The June payments shall take into consideration all funds available in the public school income fund for the fiscal year ending June 30.
- (12) Provisions of law relating to public school funding that do not conflict with subsections (8) through (11) of this section shall remain applicable during fiscal years 2022 through 2027. Review of a sample of evaluations as provided in section 33-1004B, Idaho Code, shall continue to be conducted during fiscal years 2022 through 2027, except the ratio of instructional staff evaluations to pupil service staff evaluations shall be equal to the statewide ratio of instructional staff to pupil service staff.
- SECTION 2. That Section 33-1026, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 33-1026. MANDATORY PUBLIC SCHOOL FUNDING FORMULA REVIEW. The senate and house of representatives education committees shall conduct a comprehensive review of the public school funding formula at least once every five (5) years, with the first such review to occur by July 1,  $2024\underline{6}$ .
- SECTION 3. That Chapter 10, Title 33, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a  $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$ , to be known and designated as Section 33-1029, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 33-1029. STUDENT SUCCESS INCENTIVE GRANTS. (1) Starting in fiscal year 2022, and subject to appropriation, student success incentive grants shall be made to school districts and public charter schools for:
  - (a) Each student who enrolls in an accredited institution of higher education within six (6) months of graduating high school;
  - (b) Each student who passes an occupational certification examination for an occupation described in title 54, Idaho Code, or other recognized industry-specific certification, within six (6) months of graduating high school;
  - (c) Each student who enlists in the United States armed forces within six (6) months of graduating high school;
  - (d) Each student who, within six (6) months of graduating high school, joins the peace corps or Americorps or participates in a service-oriented mission as defined by rule of the state board of education;
  - (e) Each economically disadvantaged student who graduates high school;
  - (f) Each English language learner who graduates high school;
  - (g) Each at-risk student who graduates high school;
  - (h) Each special education student who graduates high school;
  - (i) Each student described in paragraphs (e) through (h) of this subsection who performs an action described in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this subsection; and
  - (j) Each grade 3 and grade 8 student who satisfies performance criteria as defined by the state board of education and approved by the legislature. Such criteria may include but shall not be limited to scores on the Idaho standards achievement test and shall include criteria specific to economically disadvantaged students, English language learn-

ers, at-risk students, and special education students. Legislative approval of the criteria shall be independent of the administrative rules process provided in chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, and shall be made by concurrent resolution passed by both the senate and the house of representatives.

- (2) More than one (1) grant may be made for the same student, provided that the student satisfies more than one (1) of the criteria listed in subsection (1) of this section.
- (3) Student success incentive grants made to school districts shall be distributed by the school districts to the schools:
  - (a) Attended by grade 3 or grade 8 students whose conduct provided the basis for the incentive grants; or
  - (b) From which students whose conduct provided the basis for the incentive grants graduated.
- (4) Student success incentive grant moneys shall be used at the discretion of the school principal or chief administrator after receiving the advice of the school faculty and staff.
- (5) The state board of education shall collect the information necessary for the award of student success incentive grants and shall report such information to the joint finance-appropriations committee by January 15 of each year.
- (6) The state board of education shall take such actions as are necessary to implement the provisions of this section, including the promulgation of rules and the adoption of criteria described in subsection (1) (j) of this section.